NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY: Photogra	onhs and geographical information	

## **GEOGRAPHY**

# Photographs and geographical information

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit.

Please see *Teachers' notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	Photographs and geographical information	
Level	A1 – B1	
Language focus	Key vocabulary, word identification, grammar, use of student's own language.	
Learning focus	Using Geography textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities.	
Activity types	Matching, word identification, structuring sentences and text, cloze, multiple choice, reading comprehension, categorising vocabulary, recording learning, developing a learning resource.	
Acknowledgement	Extracts from <i>The Human Planet</i> . Patrick E.F. O' Dwyer. Gill & Macmillan.	
	We gratefully acknowledge Gill & Macmillan for the right to reproduce text in some of these activities.	
Learning Record	A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each student.	
	Students should:	
	Write the subject and topic on the record.	
	Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.	
	<ol><li>Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.</li></ol>	
	4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.	

## Making the best use of these units

- At the beginning of the class, make sure that students understand what they are doing and why. 'We are doing the exercise on page (12) to help you to remember key words / to help your writing skills / to help with grammar' etc.
- You can create your personal teaching resource by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.
- Encourage students to:
  - Bring the relevant subject textbooks to language support class.
     It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
  - Take some responsibility for their own learning programmes by:

Developing a **personal dictionary** for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an ongoing basis. This prompt is a reminder.



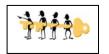
Recording what they have learnt on the **Learning Record**, which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced in language support for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream

learning.

 Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are suitable as homework tasks, for self-study, or for use in the subject classroom with the agreement of the subject teacher.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

#### Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

#### **Nouns**

activities
aerial photographs
apartments
area
arrows
background
block of flats
bottom
bridge
buildings
bungalow
camera

characteristics coastline contour

direction distance dwelling earth

factory family features foreground front

gardens ground floor height hospitals houses information lawn line

location

map

middle ordnance survey outskirts

parking spaces

parts

photo/photograph primary route proportion railway reference region rivers roads routes

row of houses

scale sections

shopping centres single-storey

spot

storey/storeys

top town

town centres two-storey types use weather

#### **Verbs**

to appear

to create
to divide
to draw
to find
to identify
to locate
to mark
to orientate
to point
to rotate
to separate
to surround

to survey to trace

#### **Adjectives**

aerial close

corresponding detached easy

front geographical Georgian high horizontal important interesting neighbouring

newly built oblique rear red-brick rural suburban terraced urban vertical

#### **Adverbs**

whole

directly especially generally

NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY:	Photographs and geographical information	

## Vocabulary file 1

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
compass		
contour		
co-ordinates		
direction		
distance		
linear scale		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY: P	hotographs and geographical information	

## Vocabulary file 2

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
measurement		
ordnance survey		
scale map		
to draw		
to identify		
to measure		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY: P	hotographs and geographical information	

## Vocabulary file 3

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
to plot		
to represent		
east		
horizontal		
scaled		
vertical		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY.	Photographs and geographical information	

Level: all

Type of activity: whole class

Focus: vocabulary, spelling,

dictionary, writing

Suggested time: 10 minutes

## Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

## photographs towns

- Invite students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).

Students should record vocabulary and terms from the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

Level: A1

Type of activity: pairs or

individual

Focus: vocabulary, spelling,

dictionary

Suggested time: 30 minutes



## Working with words

#### 1. Tick the correct answer



a) this is a cave

b) this is an aerial photo

c) this is rainwater

d) this is a rock



a) this is a camera

b) this is a pillar

c) this is a computer

d) this is a garden

## 2. Put a circle around the <u>geographical information</u> that you can see in a photograph. Use your keyword list to help you.

	fields	distance	chairs	TV
houses	mus	river	coastline	
location		foreground	parki	ing spaces
factory	food	roads	CDs	

Level: A1

Type of activity: pairs or

individual

Focus: vocabulary, basic

sentence structure

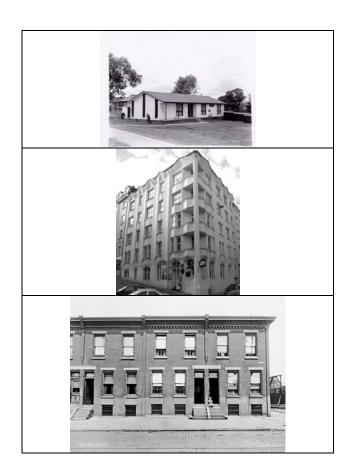
Suggested time: 30 minutes

#### Picture Sentences

#### 1. Tick the correct answer

- a) This is a cave.
- b) This is a bungalow.
- c) This is forest.
- a) This is the Burren.
- b) This is a lake.
- c) This is a block of flats.

- a) This is a parking lot.
- b) This is a row of houses.
- c) This is a lawn.



#### 2. Put these words in the correct order to form sentences.

useful photographs aerial are	
two types are there aerial photographs of	
should be vertical photographs divided nine areas into	

NAME:		DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY: Photog	raphs and ge		rmation
Level: A1/A2 Type of activity: pairs individual	Type of activity: pairs or Suggested time: 30 minutes		
	Od	d One Out	
line.	hich does n		ne other words in each
camera	aerial	town	friend
girl	vertical	oblique	arrow
photographs	map	boy	features
shadow	father	photo	building
2. Find these words in own words. Use a dicti	-	•	em in short sentences in your
to locate			
to identify			<del></del>
to point			
to surround			
to trace			



Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

NAME:	DATE: otographs and geographical	information	
Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: inc	dividual	Focus: key vocabular descriptive text Suggested time: 20	_
	Geography Keywords  Ig letters of the keywords lis  each word, write whether th	sted below.	ective or
p_ot_			
v_rti_al			
o_li_ue			
_am_ra			
2. Write as many v 3 minutes!	vords as possible related to	maps and photographs.	You have

NAME:	DATE:
GEOGRAPHY.	Photographs and geographical information

Level: A1 / A2

Type of activity: pairs or

individual

Focus: key vocabulary, pronunciation, spelling

Suggested time: 20 minutes



#### Unscramble the letters

	11110		
1.	There are two types of	POHTOGARHPS	Look at each word as you write the answer.
	Answer	<del></del>	
2.	One type is called	VRETI <i>C</i> LA	Is your <u>spelling</u> correct?
	Answer	<del></del>	Can you <u>pronounce</u> the word?
3.	The other type is called	OLBIQEU	Do you know what the word means?
	Answer		
4.	You can divide a photograph into nine	PRATS	Have you got this word in your personal dictionary?
	Answer	<del></del>	<u> </u>

## Solve the secret code

English=	A	C	L	E	R	I	Ν	M	0	S	٢	U
Code=	В	X	У	F	G	Q	R	0	L	Ε	A	W

example: (code) EAWYFRA = STUDENT (English)



BFGQBY =

Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: pairs or individual	Focus: reading comprehension, extracting meaning from text, vocabulary Suggested time: 30 minutes
Comple	ting sentences
<ol> <li>Fill in the blanks in these set below.</li> </ol>	entences. Use words from the Word Box
The use of, especially	photographs, is an excellent as well
as an enjoyable way of learning r	nore about geographical information. When
photographs are used with Ordnar	nce Survey maps many interesting activities
can be used to create discussion am	ong fellow students in your class.
Types of aerial photographs	
There are two types of aerial photo	graph:
· photographs which are	e taken when the camera is pointing directly
on the area being photographed	
• photographs which o	are taken when the is pointing at
an angle on the area being photogra	· -
Word Box came	ra photographs oblique aerial vertical
<ol> <li>Complete these sentences. \( \)</li> <li>that the sentence makes sense.</li> </ol>	ou must decide which words to use so
<ul> <li>Old photographs of towns are very property of the company of the com</li></ul>	ery
	to learn about your own town.

Looking at photographs makes it \_\_\_\_\_\_ to see different places in

You must not look \_\_\_\_\_ at the sun.

the town.

NAME:	DATE:
<b>GEOGRAPHY:</b>	Photographs and geographical information

Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: individual

Focus: key vocabulary, topic

information, reading

comprehension, multiple choice **Suggested time:** 30 minutes

### Multiple choice

1111

#### Read the text below and choose the best answers.

Detached dwellings stand alone. Terraced houses means a row of houses all joined to any other dwelling. They are generally together. They may be single-storey, such as a bungalow, or two-storey or three storeys high. They may be found in rural and urban areas. Some Georgian buildings may be four storeys high. These are often red-brick and may be surrounded by areas of lawn.

Semi-detached dwellings:

Semi-detached means two houses joined together. They are separated from neighbouring houses. They are generally found in housing estates in villages and towns and are two storeys high. They have front and rear gardens.

#### Apartments:

These are blocks of flats. They only have parking spaces, and no front or rear gardens. Sometimes parking spaces are within the building on the ground floor. Most of these buildings are newly built close to town centres.

1. What c	ire not joined to ai	nother dwelling?	
a)	detached dwe	ellings b)	people
c)	friends	d)	boys
2. What d	are two houses join	ned together calle	ed?
a)	twins	b)	neighbours
c)	semi-detache	d d)	detached
3. What	do we call a row of	joined houses?	
a)	friends	b)	) detached
c)	terraced dwe	llings d)	) apartments
4. Do son	ne Georgian buildin	gs have four stor	eys?
۵)	Vec	h) No	`

5. Apartments are blocks of flats.

Yes

a)

Think about where you live. Using words from the text, write down all the features of your home.

Car parking

b)

No

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NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY.	Photographs and geographical information	

Level: A2 / B1

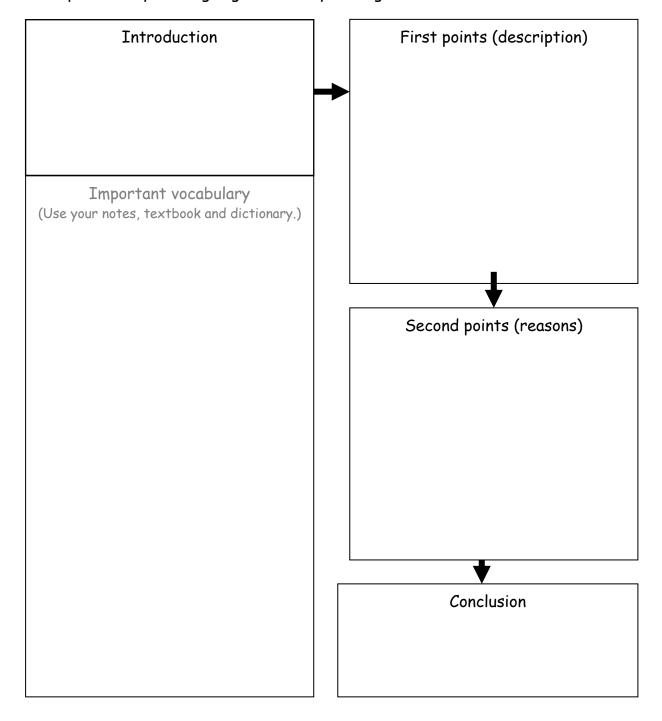
Type of activity: pairs / small

groups

**Focus:** vocabulary, structure, planning and creating text **Suggested time:** 40 minutes

You are going to give a talk to your class. The topic of your talk is 'The type of environment in which I would like to live'. You must describe the environment and explain why you would like it. Use your keyword list, textbook and dictionary to help you.

First plan what you are going to write by making notes on this chart:



NAME:	D <i>A</i>	ATE:		
GEOGRAPHY: Photogra			ormation	
Use your plan and make n				
Title				_
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	<del></del>	<del> </del>		
	<del></del>	<del> </del>		
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			, 1	

When your teacher has checked this, file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.



NAME:	DATE:
GEOGR	APHY: Photographs and geographical information

Level: all

Type of activity: individual

**Focus:** content words, dictionary work, word

identification

Suggested time: 30 minutes

### Vocabulary

1. Match the words in column A to words in column B that have a similar meaning. Use your keyword list, textbook or dictionary to help you.

Α	В
storey	single
photograph	grass
one	attached
lawn	flat
type	floor
terraced	route
road	picture
apartment	sort

#### Level A2 / B1

2. Put these words in the correct order to form sentences. Don't forget your punctuation - capitals, full stops and question marks. Use your keyword list if you can't remember some words.

three-storey are outskirts houses on there the town of the
responsible the survey is ordnance Ireland making for maps of
spaces there parking are block beside flats the of?

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE:\_\_\_\_

#### **GEOGRAPHY: Photographs and geographical information**

Level: all

Type of activity: individual

Focus: content words,

adjectives, dictionary work, word

identification

Suggested time: 40 minutes

## Grammar points



In this Unit, we came across the following adjectives:

- oblique
- aerial
- rear

Look up these words in your dictionary and write your own definition.

Adjective	Meaning	Word in my language
oblique		
aerial		
rear		

#### Adjective Hunt

Circle 10 adjectives from the unit in these columns.

Score 4 points for each correct answer.

Who will score the highest? Perhaps you will. Good luck!

close	orientate	front
town	neighbouring	direction
red-brick	terraced	geographical
routes	dwelling	sections
detached	suburban	railway
location	bungalow	shopping centre
outskirts	rear	newly-built

Score: \_\_\_\_\_ points

Have you ticked this activity on your Learning Record?

NAME:	DATE:	
GEOGRAPHY:	Photographs and geographical information	

#### Levels A1 and A2

## **Alphaboxes**

Using your textbook, find <u>one</u> word beginning with each of the letters of the alphabet. Write the word in the relevant box. <u>You could also write the word in your own language</u>.

write the word in the	e relevani box. You cou	ia also write the word
α	Ь	C
d	е	f
g	h	i
j	k	
m	n	0
p	q	r
S	†	J
V	W	xyz

Do you understand all these words?



Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:		DATE:
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#### Word search

Find the words from the list below. When you have found all the words, write each word in your own language.



AERIAL	DETACHED	TYPES
APPEAR	DIRECTION	LARGE
AREA	DWELLING	LOCATE
ARROW	FEATURES	MAP
BACKGROUND	PHOTOGRAPH	OBLIQUE
BUILDINGS	STOREY	
CAMERA	TOWN	

GEOGRAPHY: Photographs and g	geographical information	
ideas about how to use the cards.	ne same keywords. See Notes for teacher	rs for
aerial	aerial	
oblique	oblique	
vertical	vertical	

GEOGRAPHY: Photographs and geo	DATE:ographical information
photograph	photograph
dwelling	dwelling
features	features

NAME: GEOGRAPHY: Photographs and geo	DATE: ographical information
location	location
camera	camera
buildings	buildings

NAME:	DATE:
GEOGRAPI	HY: Photographs and geographical information

## Answer key

#### Working with words, page 8

1. b, a

2. Geographical information: fields, distance, houses, river, coastline, location, foreground, parking spaces, factory, roads

#### Picture sentences, page 9

1. b,c,b

Aerial photographs are useful.

There are two types of aerial photographs.

Vertical photographs should be divided into nine areas.

#### Odd one out, page 10

friend, girl, boy, father

#### Geography Keywords, page 11

Photo, noun, vertical, adjective, oblique, adjective, camera, noun

#### Unscramble the letters, page 12

Photographs, vertical, oblique, parts

Secret code: aerial

#### Completing Sentences, page 13

The use of **photographs**, especially **aerial** photographs, is an excellent as well as an enjoyable way of learning more about geographical information. When photographs are used with Ordnance Survey maps many interesting activities can be used to create discussion among fellow students in your class.

Types of aerial photographs

There are two types of aerial photograph:

- vertical photographs which are taken when the camera is pointing directly on the area being photographed
- oblique photographs which are taken when the camera is pointing at an angle on the area being photographed.

These are suggested answers only, there are lots of possible answers.

- 1. Old photographs of towns are very *interesting*.
- 2. It is *enjoyable / interesting* to learn about your own town.

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE:\_\_\_\_ DATE:\_\_\_\_ GEOGRAPHY: Photographs and geographical information

- 3. Looking at photographs makes it easy to see different places in the town
- 4. You must not look directly at the sun.

#### Multiple choice, page 14

1a,2c,3c,4a,5a

#### Vocabulary, page 17

Storey/floor
Photograph/picture
One/single
Lawn/grass
Type/sort
Terraced/attached
Road/route

### Scrambled sentences

Apartment/flat

There are three-storey houses on the outskirts of the town.

The Ordnance Survey is responsible for making maps of Ireland.

Are there parking spaces beside the block of flats?

#### Grammar points, page 18

Close, red-brick, detached, neighbouring, terraced, suburban, rear, front, geographical, newly-built

NAME:	DATE:

Word Search, page 20

5 M CV MYWV Y M A P DAREAA UTYPES ULARGE B F B S B A C K G R O U N D SMEMSB BOBLI QUE F WR HNK WGGAE RIALI FEATURES PVCO J PHOT OGRAP NGWIV M M DWELL Ι E W I DINGSP DE TACHEDLDQE IDIRE C T IGLYONA V S Z S I C A M E R A P AR ARROWCV F S T O R E TOWNVAB XL OC ATE IGJXS RROUW WHJAZNOP K D F Q